#### Start-to-end CeC Simulations

Jun Ma, Roman Samulyak

Department of Applied Mathematics and Statistics Stony Brook University

2017.3.16



Introduction Modulator

- Let GENESIS generate particles for 400 slices with correct shot noise
- Take 5 slices for modulator simulations (background beam and modulated beam) with quadrupoles
- Replace 5 slices into GENESIS for FEL simulation (background beam and modulated beam)
- Take 5 slices from output of GENESIS as the input of kicker simulation (background beam and modulated beam) with quadrupoles



Introduction

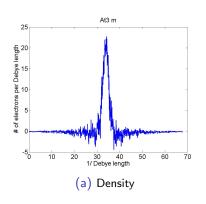
• Number of real electrons per slice : 2.83e+7

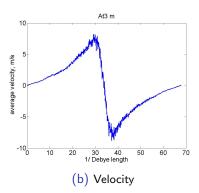
• Number of macro electrons per slice : 1048576

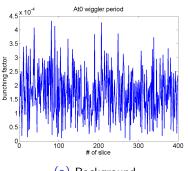
Number of wiggler period : 188

• Length of each wiggler : 4 cm

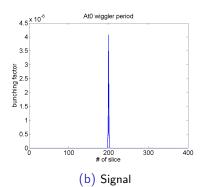
## Longitudinal modulation

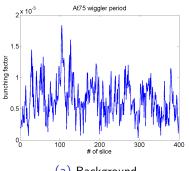




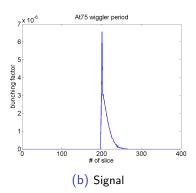


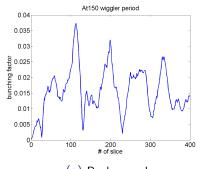
(a) Background



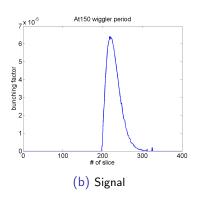


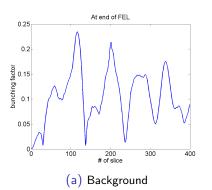
(a) Background



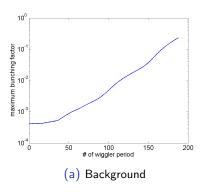


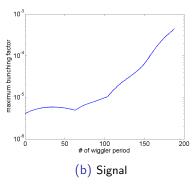
(a) Background

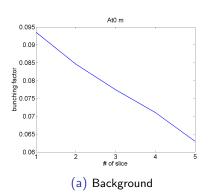


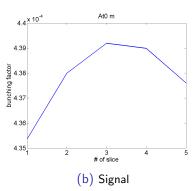


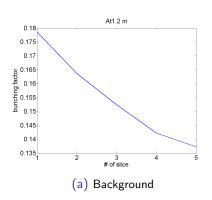
# Bunching factor along time

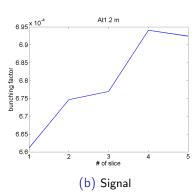


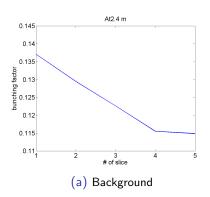


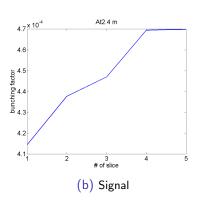


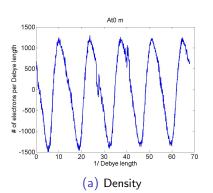


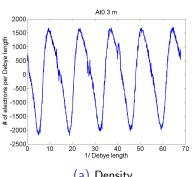




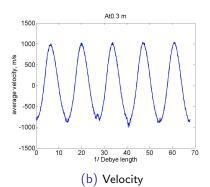


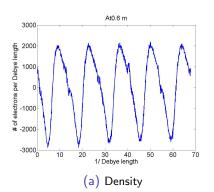




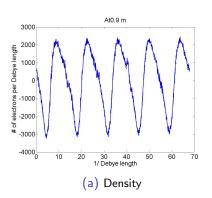


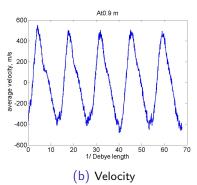


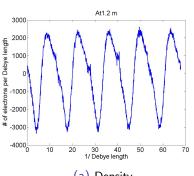




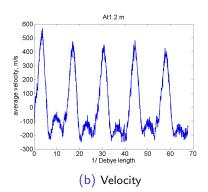
At0.6 m 800 600 400 average velocity, m/s 200 -200 -400 -600 -800 10 20 30 40 1/ Debye length 50 60 70 (b) Velocity

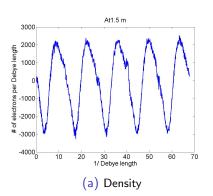


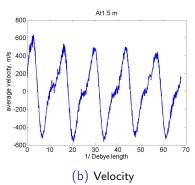


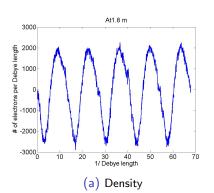




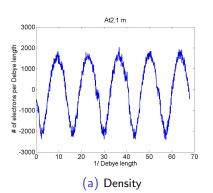


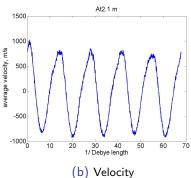


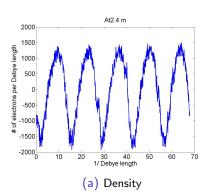


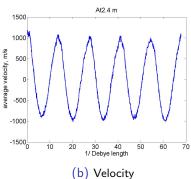


At1.8 m 1000 800 600 average velocity, m/s 400 200 0 -200 -400 -600 -800 10 30 40 1/ Debye length 70 (b) Velocity



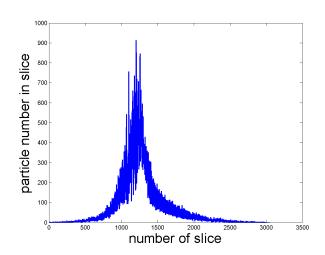






#### Start with distribution from beam dynamics simulation

- Total charge is 2 nC, with only 2e+5 macro particles, so each macro particle represents 62500 real electrons
- These 2e+5 particles are distributed in 3000 slices, with each slice containing very few particles (maximum value is 914 for the center slice)
- Up sampling is required

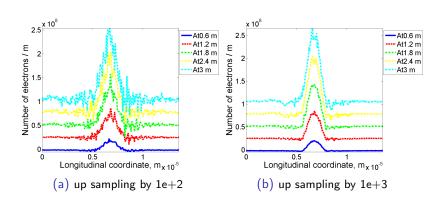


- Up sampling method in GENESIS is not good if we want to increase number of particles by orders
- We calculate beam parameters within each slice and reproduce desired number of particles
- As each slice has different number of particles, GENESIS can not generate initial distribution
- A routine is implemented in our code to generate initial particles from beam parameters
- A special method is used to maintain the real shot noise when we use macro particles



- We use the center slice containing 914 macro particles, with representing number 62500
- We increase number of particles by 1e+2 / 1e+3, with representing number decreased to 625 / 62.5

#### Longitudinal density modulation



Modulator

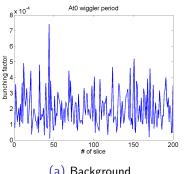
- Up sampling by 1e+2 gives good results
- For FEL and kicker simulation, we will use 200 slices instead of 1 slice, and up sampling by 1e+3 will be very time consuming
- All following FEL and kicker simulation use up sampling by 1e+2

- In previous work, only the center slice passes through modulator, and the other slices don't
- Now, we also let the 200 slices pass through modulator, and use them for FEL simulation

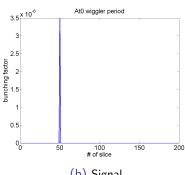
- The 200 slices at entrance of modulator are generated with correct shot noise
- The 200 slices at end of modulator contains too large shot noise
- A possible reason is that, during modulator, particles may go between slices, and affect the bunching factor of those slices

For comparisons, we use three copies of these 200 slices

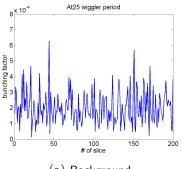
- 200 slices at the entrance of modulator, with correct shot noise
- 200 slices at the end of modulator, with large shot noise
- Based on the 200 slices at the end of modulator, re-generate them with correct shot noise



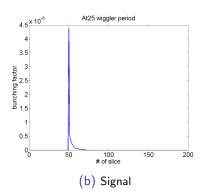
(a) Background



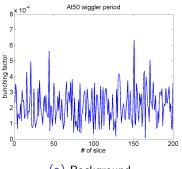
(b) Signal



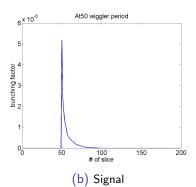
(a) Background



#### 200 slices at entrance of modulator

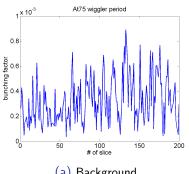


(a) Background

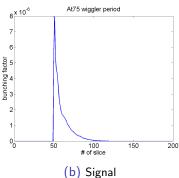


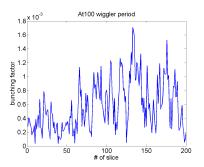


#### 200 slices at entrance of modulator

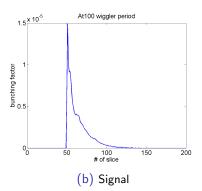


(a) Background



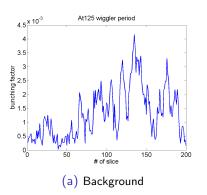


(a) Background

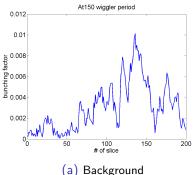


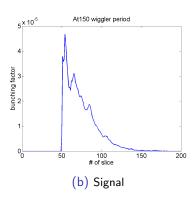
**FEL** 

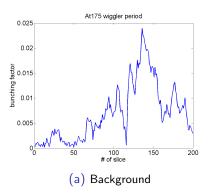
#### 200 slices at entrance of modulator

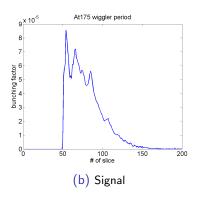


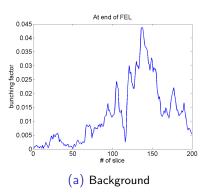
3 x 10<sup>-5</sup> At125 wiggler period 2.5 punching factor 1.5 0.5 50 100 # of slice 150 200 (b) Signal

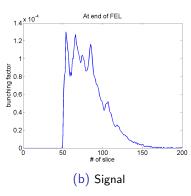


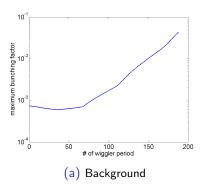


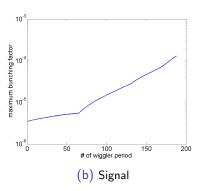


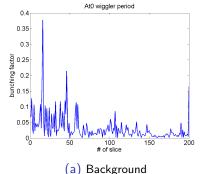


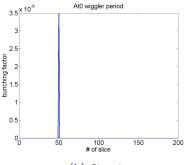


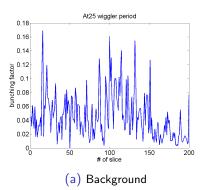


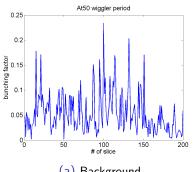




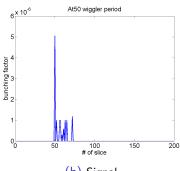








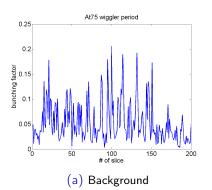
(a) Background



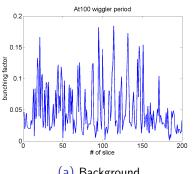
(b) Signal

6×10-6

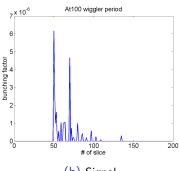
# 200 slices at end of modulator, large noise



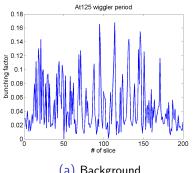
At75 wiggler period



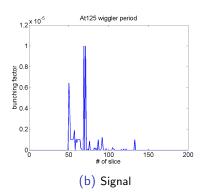
(a) Background



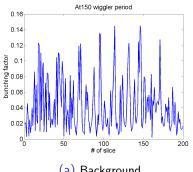
(b) Signal



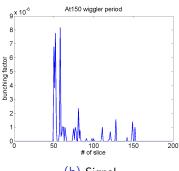
(a) Background



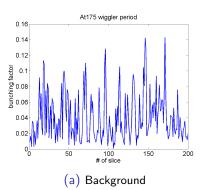




(a) Background

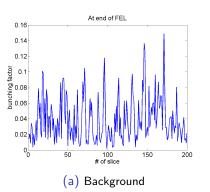


(b) Signal

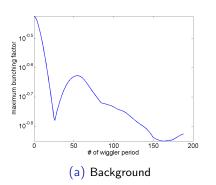


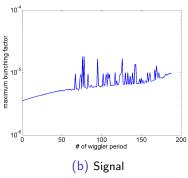
9×10-6 bunching factor 100 # of slice 200

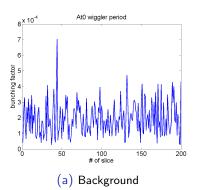
At175 wiggler period



1 x 10<sup>-5</sup> At end of FEL 0.8 bunching factor 9.0 9.0 0.2 200 100 # of slice (b) Signal







3.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period

4.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period

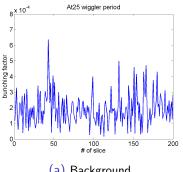
5.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period

4.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period

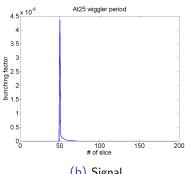
5.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period

6.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period

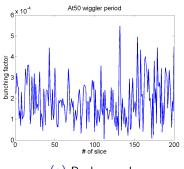
7.5 x 10 8 At0 viggler period



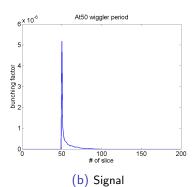
(a) Background



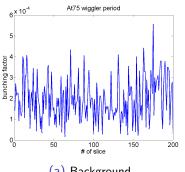
(b) Signal



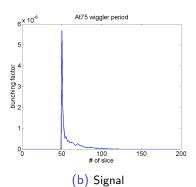
(a) Background



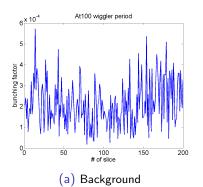


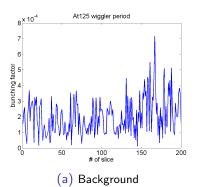


(a) Background

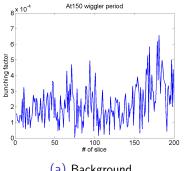




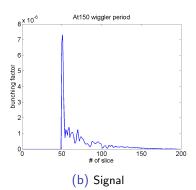




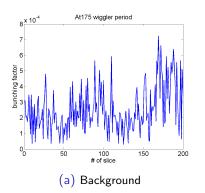
7 x 10<sup>-6</sup> At125 wiggler period bunching factor 50 150 100 200 # of slice (b) Signal

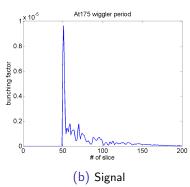


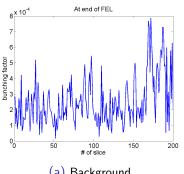
(a) Background



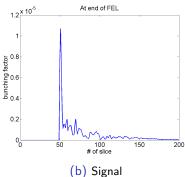


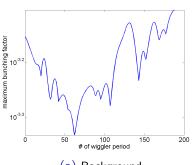




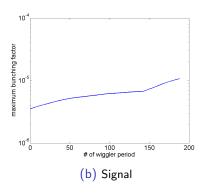


(a) Background

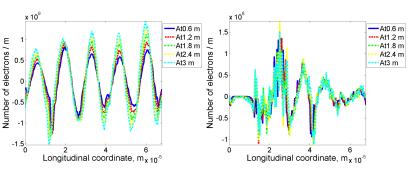




(a) Background



#### Longitudinal density distribution



(a) 200 slice at entrance of modulator

(b) 200 slice at end of modulator



Kicker

## Beam parameters at entrance and end of modulator

Parameter	At entrance	At end
$\alpha_{x}$	-2	16
$\alpha_y$	-2	-30
energy spread	1.5e-4	1e-3

