Focusing field in modulator simulations

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Numerical setting

- Domain
 - Transversal : 4e-3m (14 × Debyelength) open boundary
 - Longitudinal : 2e-5m (20 × Debyelength) periodic boundary
- Grid number: 20 per Debye length
- Electron
 - Gaussian in x, y
 - Uniform in z

Linear focusing field

$$\vec{E_0}(x) = \frac{m_e}{e} \frac{\sigma^2}{r_0^2} (x - x_0)$$

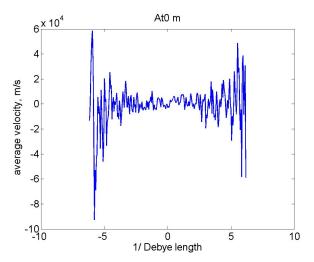
G. Bell et al., VLASOV AND PIC SIMULATIONS OF A MODULATOR SECTION FOR COHERENT ELECTRON COOLING, Proceedings of 2011 Particle Accelerator Conference, New York, NY, USA, MOP067.

Implemented as

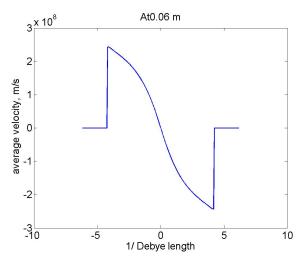
$$\vec{E} = k\vec{x}$$



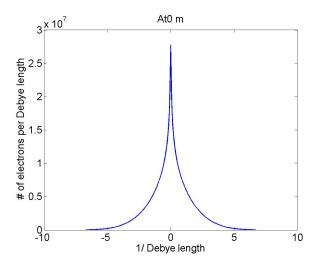
Transversal velocity distribution, $k=3e+11 \ V/m^2$



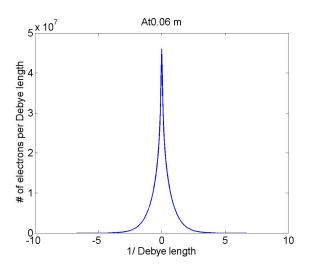
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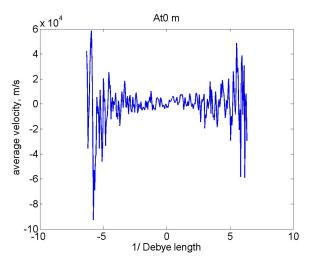
Transversal number distribution, $k=3e+11 \ V/m^2$



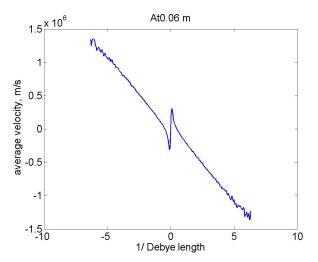
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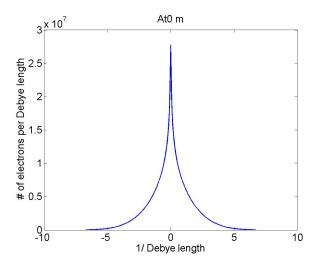
Transversal velocity distribution, $k=1e+9 \ V/m^2$



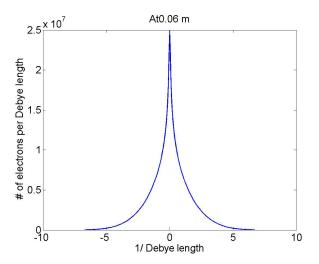
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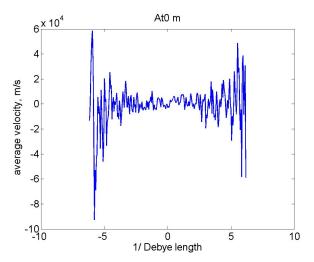
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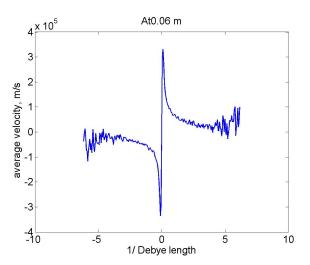
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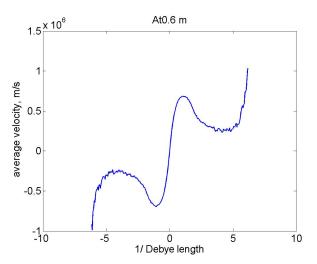
Transversal velocity distribution, $k=1e+8 \ V/m^2$



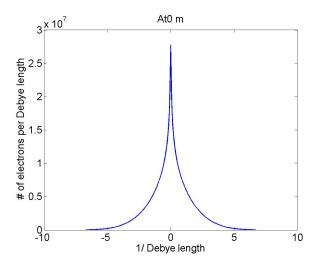
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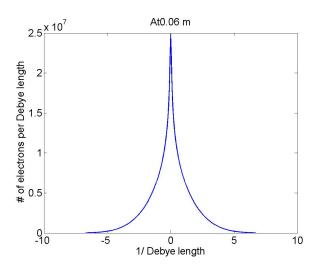
Transversal velocity distribution, $k=1e+8 \ V/m^2$



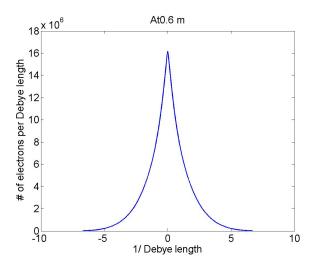
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Self-consistent focusing

- Estimate expansion velocity
- Subtract expansion effect

