

## Homework 16. Due November 15

### Problem 1. 15 points.

A point particle with charge  $Q$  moves with velocity  $\vec{v} = (0, 0, v_z)$  in the longitudinal direction. The particle has a horizontal offset  $x=a$ . Show that, in the cylindrical system, the charge distribution due to the particle can be written as:

$$\rho(r, \theta, z, t) = \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{Q_m \cos(m\theta)}{\pi a^{m+1} (1 + \delta_{m,0})} \delta(z - v_z t) \delta(r - a)$$

with  $Q_m = Q a^m$  and  $\delta_{m,0} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } m=0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Hint 1. prove that the delta function in cylindrical coordinate is  $\rho(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{r} \delta(r - a) \delta_p(\theta) \delta(z)$

with  $\delta_p(\theta) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(\theta - 2\pi k)$  (Jackson page 120 footnote)

Hint 2. perform Fourier transformation to  $\delta_p(\theta)$